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**Fixing device for an expansion valve of a motor vehicle
air-conditioning system**

10 The invention relates to a fixing device for an
expansion valve of a motor vehicle air-conditioning
system according to the precharacterizing clause of
claim 1.

15 Conventionally, as illustrated in figures 7 to 9, to
fix an expansion valve 104, the line leading to an
evaporator 103 and the line coming from the evaporator
103 are guided through a housing opening, which is
sealed by means of a sealing element 113, of a multi-
part housing 102, are positioned by means of a line-
20 positioning element 107 and the line-positioning
element 107 is screwed down on the expansion valve 104
by means of two screws. In this case, the size of the
line-positioning element 107 is kept as small as
possible.

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On the other side of the expansion valve 104, the
positioning and fixing of the connecting lines takes
place in a corresponding manner, with a central screw
being provided to fix the second line-positioning
30 element 107. However, high torsional forces frequently
occur in the fixing, as a result of which problems
occur, in particular with the low rigidity in the case
of a Nocoloc® brazing joint.

35 It is the object of the invention to provide an
improved fixing device for an expansion valve of a
motor vehicle air-conditioning system.

This object is achieved by a fixing device for an expansion valve with the features of claim 1. Advantageous refinements are the subject matter of the
5 subclaims.

According to the invention, a fixing device is provided for an expansion valve of a motor vehicle air-conditioning system, the expansion valve being able to
10 be fitted and being able to be fixed in an at least twist-proof manner with the aid of the line-positioning element on a housing in which a part of the motor vehicle air-conditioning system, in particular the evaporator, is arranged. The rotationally secure
15 fitting on the housing makes it possible in a simple manner to prevent twisting when screwing the second line-positioning element to the expansion valve.

In this case, two slots for receiving the lines are
20 provided in the line-positioning element, said slots preferably being arranged parallel to each other to facilitate the installation.

Two further slots or through holes are preferably
25 provided in the line-positioning element, said slots serving to position and/or fix the line-positioning element on the housing. If two slots running in the longitudinal direction of the line-positioning element are provided, then they can be pushed or pressed onto
30 projections correspondingly formed on the housing, thus preventing twisting. In the case of through holes, screws can be screwed into screw domes provided on the housing, so that a rotationally secure fixing is likewise possible.

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As an alternative, the line-positioning element can be designed in such a manner that it clearly protrudes beyond the expansion valve and is pushed into

receptacles which are of pocket-shaped design, are formed on the housing or are fitted thereon and hold the line-positioning element and therefore also the expansion valve, which is fixed to the same, in a rotationally secure manner. Ribs running in the push-in direction are preferably provided, said ribs keeping the line-positioning element sufficiently spaced apart from the housing, in particular with respect to a sealing element provided on the housing.

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Other possibilities of fixing the line-positioning element on the housing or a combination of the described fixing devices are likewise possible.

15 To fix the expansion valve on the line-positioning element, at least one hole, preferably two holes, are provided in the line-positioning element to pass a screw through and to screw the same in the expansion valve.

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The housing is preferably of multi-part design, with a housing joint running transversely through the housing-side part of the fixing device. This facilitates the assembly in particular. In this case, in the housing joint an opening is preferably provided through which protrudes at least one line which is connected to the expansion valve.

25 A fixing device of this type for an expansion valve is used in particular for motor vehicle air-conditioning systems for fixing an expansion valve arranged in the vicinity of the evaporator.

35 The invention is explained in detail below using exemplary embodiments and with reference to the drawing, in which:

fig. 1 shows a perspective view of a fitted fixing

device according to the invention in accordance with a first exemplary embodiment,

5 fig. 2 shows an illustration of the parts of fig. 1,

fig. 3 shows a perspective view of a fitted fixing device according to the invention in accordance with a second exemplary embodiment,

10 fig. 4 shows an illustration of the parts of fig. 3,

fig. 5 shows a perspective view of a fitted fixing device according to the invention in accordance with a third exemplary embodiment,

15 fig. 6 shows an illustration of the parts of fig. 5,

fig. 7 shows a perspective view of a fitted fixing device in accordance with the prior art,

20 fig. 8 shows an illustration of the torsional force occurring in the case of the fixing device of fig. 7, and

25 fig. 9 shows an illustration of the parts of fig. 7.

A motor vehicle air-conditioning system 1 with an evaporator 3 arranged in a housing 2 of multi-part design has an expansion valve 4. The expansion valve 4
30 is arranged in a first line 5 and a second line 6 via which refrigerating agent can be supplied to the evaporator 3 or can be removed from it. Only that section of the lines 5 and 6 which is connected to the evaporator 3 is illustrated in each case in the figures
35 here, with the respective pipes ending at the expansion valve 4. With regard to the further course of the lines and the fitting of the corresponding pipes to the expansion valve 4, reference should be made to the

prior art illustrated in fig. 8.

The two lines 5 and 6 coming from the evaporator 3 are pre-positioned with respect to each other in their spacing in the region of the connecting points by means of a line-positioning element 7, which is of flat and approximately rectangular design and is part of a fixing device 8, for which purpose the line-positioning element 7 is provided with two slots 9 which run parallel to each other and extend perpendicularly toward the center longitudinal axis from a longitudinal side.

To fit the line-positioning element 7 on the expansion valve 4, two holes 10 are provided in the line-positioning element 7, through which holes screws are inserted and are screwed into corresponding threaded holes provided in the expansion valve 4, so that the line-positioning element 7 fixes the lines 5 and 6 on the expansion valve 4.

To fit the line-positioning element 7 on the housing 2, two further slots 11 are provided in the line-positioning element 7, said slots extending toward each other in the longitudinal direction of the line-positioning element 7.

The injection-molded housing 2 is composed of a plastic, for example PP-20T. In this case, two projections 12 are formed which are arranged and shaped in accordance with the further slots 11 of the line-positioning element 7, so that the line-positioning element 7 can be positioned on the housing 2 and, in particular, can be fitted in a rotationally secure manner, so that, when screwing the last screw (see fig. 8), which serves for the fitting of a second line-positioning element (not illustrated, but compare the prior art described with reference to figures 8 and 9),

no twisting of the expansion valve 4 and of the lines 5, 6 can take place.

5 The second line-positioning element can be designed in accordance with the line-positioning element 107 corresponding to the prior art. This also ensures that the two line-positioning elements 7 and 107 cannot so easily be confused as previously, since they differ in their shape and not only by the number and arrangement
10 of the holes.

To seal the housing 2, a sealing element 13 is provided by means of which the opening in the housing 2, through which the two lines 5 and 6 run, is tightly sealed with
15 the lines 5 and 6 being incorporated. To protect the sealing element 13, the projection 12 is of two-stage design, so that the line-positioning element 7 is arranged spaced apart from the housing wall.

20 The second exemplary embodiment corresponds essentially to the first exemplary embodiment, so that only the differences are entered into in greater detail below.

Instead of the slots 11 running in the longitudinal
25 direction of the line-positioning element 7, a respective through hole 11' is provided in the end regions of the line-positioning element 7' in accordance with the second exemplary embodiment, through which through hole a respective screw is
30 inserted and is screwed into one of the projections 12', which are designed in this case as screw domes. The screw domes ensure inter alia that there is a sufficient distance between housing wall and line-positioning element 7'.

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The fixing device 8' in accordance with the second exemplary embodiment, which fixing device is formed by the line-positioning element 7' in conjunction with the

projections 12' of the housing 2, permits a secure fixing, not only with respect to the security against a possible twisting when screwing the last screw (cf. fig. 8).

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In accordance with a third exemplary embodiment which is illustrated in figures 5 and 6 and which essentially corresponds to the first and second exemplary embodiments, so that only the differences are explained
10 in more detail below, the rotational securing of the line-positioning element 7'' takes place in a form-fitting manner by means of projections 12'' which are of pocket-like design and are formed on the housing 2, with the line-positioning element 7'' having an
15 essentially rectangular design. In this case, the projections 12'' each comprise a pocket- or gate-shaped part and two ribs which run in the insertion direction, are rounded in their front region and serve for guidance when inserting the line-positioning element
20 7'' and for spacing the same apart from the housing wall. In this case, the line-positioning element 7'' in conjunction with the projections 12'' of the housing 2 serve again as fixing device 8''. The final fixing takes place in this case at the same time and
25 automatically with the fixing of the housing part which has been placed on.

List of designations

1	Motor vehicle air-conditioning system
2, 102	Housing
3, 103	Evaporator
4, 104	Expansion valve
5	Line
6	Line
7, 7', 7'', 107	Line-positioning element
8, 8', 8''	Fixing device
9	Slot
10	Holes
11	Slot
11'	Through hole
12, 12', 12''	Projection
13, 113	Sealing element